



The Brightest Gem in the Halo of Glory That Crowns
the Head of Robert Edward Lee.

That date, General Hooker dispatched the Fifth, Eleventh and Twelfth Corps upon Kelly's Ford, on the upper reaches of the Potomac. The First and Second Corps stopped at United States Ford below, as a precautionary measure. On the night of the 28th and morning of the 29th the right wing of Hooker's army crossed the Rappahannock under the immediate command of General Sedgwick in two columns pressed for German and French Fords, on the Rapidan. On the night of the 30th, Hooker had called Couch to him and concentrated at Chancellorsville, ten miles west of Fredericksburg, the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Corps. The Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Corps were ordered to move to the rear and Hooker's right rear reached the German Line. On the morning of the 31st, General Lee directed Jackson to move early the next morning (2d) with his corps, to the German Line. The line of march took the Stonewall Corps diagonally across Hooker's front, Flitz Lee's Corps to the flanking column, covering its movement with three regiments of his cavalry. As early as 5 A. M. Birney, of Sickles' Corps, reported the movement of Jackson's Corps. Sickles dispatched a battery to the left flank of the column, and at noon the column moved with two of the divisions of Barlow's Brigade, of Howard's Corps, to the German Line, and gained the road upon which Jack-

coming out near the wrist, while a third struck the left arm three inches below the shoulder, shattering the bone and severing an artery. Captain Willbourn caught him as he reeled in his saddle and placed him on the ground. General A. P. Hill, as well as two of his staff, Captains Smith and Harrison, were quickly at his side. The latter placed him on a litter. His coming upon the man who drew the fire, then that of his own men, was brought on a general exchange of shot.

General Lee's plan was to attack Sedgwick into the river, or destroy his command. For some reason Early and Anderson were slow in getting into position, and failed to apprise McLaw when they did make the attack; so that there was a lack of concert of action. Darkness and a heavy rain cooperated with Sedgwick. Anderson was killed.

"On March 15, 1865, between Greens-

Richard Tyree Lacy, son of Moses Lacy, born September 23, 1852, and died May 19, 1898. Married Alberta Peterson.

Pattie Lacy, daughter of Richard Tyree Lacy, born April 11, 1876.

Revolutionary Claims.

Micajah Terrell, Quaker minister and patriot. First court for Campbell County, Virginia, held at his house February 7, 1782. The court was in session two days. April court held at

Douglas, born June 18, 1785, and died July 27, 1857; married, January 4, 1806, Richard Tyree, born 1779; died November 3, 1852.

Ann Lynch Tyree, daughter of Richard Tyree, born May 9, 1817, and died February 2, 1891; married, October 8, 1835, Moses Lacy.

Richard Tyree Lacy, son of Moses Lacy, born September 23, 1852, and died May 19, 1898; married Alberta Ferguson.

Pattie Lacy, daughter of Richard

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Moses Lacy.
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Revolutionary Claims.
Micajah Terrell, Quaker minister and patriot. First court for Campbell County, Va., held at his house, on February 7, 1782. The court was in session two days, April court held at Douglas, born June 18, 1785, and July 27, 1857, married, January 4, 1812, to Ann Lynch, born 1779, died Nov. 3, 1852.
Ann Lynch Tyree, daughter of Richard Tyree, born May 8, 1817, and Richard Tyree married, October 1835, Moses Lacy.
Richard Tyree Lacy, son of Moses Lacy, born September 23, 1852, and died May 13, 1898, married Alberta Ferguson.
Pattie Lacy, daughter of Richard Tyree Lacy, born April 11, 1856.